Communication interface converter M-Bus to Ethernet EthMBus-5M SMART



# Instructions manual Version: 2021/1.1-EN

**Communication converters of the Base line** 



### **Communication converter EthMBus-5M SMART**

EthMBus-5M SMART is a communication converter designed for the connection of devices with the M-Bus interface to control/computer systems for data collection from meters using the Ethernet network. The converter can work as a transparent gateway where the transfer of M-Bus messages occurs without a change to their content using the TCP or UDP protocol. The converter can work in client or server mode.

In *Smart M-Bus* mode the converter communicates with the meters independently and processes their data which are then available as a HTML table on a web page, XML or CSV exports, e-mail with export attachment, uploads to FTP server and direct M-Bus messages. Programs that do not support the TCP/IP interface can use a virtual serial COM port application for communication.

The M-Bus port has a connection capacity for one to five M-Bus slave devices. The interface provides an above standard grade of surge protection and is resilient against failures on the M-Bus line.

Operation states of the converter are indicated by six LEDs which makes it easy to determine the actual state of the converter or possible causes of failure. The LEDs indicate the state of the power supply voltage, Ethernet communication, M-Bus communication and fault conditions of the M-Bus line.

| _                                   |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Ethernet communication interfac     | ce  |
| Communications interface            | 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX (auto-sensing)                               |
| Communication protocols             | ARP, UDP, TCP, ICMP, Telnet, TFTP, AutoIP, DHCP, HTTP, SNMP         |
| Connector                           | RJ45  |
| Compatibility                       | Ethernet: Version 2.0/IEEE 802.3                                    |
| M-Bus Master communication in       | terface   |
| Number of connectable devices       | 1 to 5 SLAVE devices, idle current max. 7.5mA                       |
| Baud rate                           | 300-9600 bps  |
| Protection                          | - overvoltage protection TVS 600W                                   |
|                                     | - overload and short circuit electronic protection on the line,     |
|                                     | note: converter can withstand a sustained short circuit on the line |
| Galvanic separation                 | 1kV from power supply, >1kV from Ethernet                           |
| Connector                           | terminals for wires of up to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> cross-section area |
| Power Supply                        |   |
| Recommended range of power supp     | bly voltages  |
| DC power supply                     | 8.5V to 40V   |
| AC power                            | 8.5V to 28V   |
| Protection                          | overvoltage protection TVS 1500W                                    |
| Power consumption                   | 1.5W to 2.6W depends on M-Bus line load and communication.          |
|                                     | Maximum power consumption during a short on the M-Bus line is 2.8W. |
| Connector                           | terminals for wires of up to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> cross-section area |
| Temperature                         |   |
| Operating range                     | 0°C to 45°C   |
| Mechanical construction             |   |
| Mechanical design                   | plastic box   |
| Mounting                            | DIN rail 35 mm (EN 50022 top hat rail)                              |
| Dimensions: height x width x length | 56.5 x 17.5 x 97.5mm  |
| Protection classification           | IP20  |
| Weight                              | 52g   |
|                                     |   |

### **Technical parameters**

JC Ele<u>ktronika</u>

### Layout of connectors and status LEDs

#### Connectors

• M-Bus

Connector for connecting the M-Bus line with M-Bus slave devices.

- Power
  - Connector for connecting the power supply and earth ground.
- Ethernet

RJ45 connector for connecting the Ethernet communication cable.

#### **Status LEDs**

Transmit – The status LED has a green color and indicates data transmission on the M-Bus line.

**Receive** – The status LED is colored yellow and signifies data transmission on the M-Bus line. In case of exceeding the maximum number of devices connected to the M-Bus line the status LED will flash alternately with the *Overload* LED.

**Overload/Short** – The status LED is colored red and indicates faulty state on the M-Bus line. Due to protection of the converter the data transmission and reception is stopped in this state.

#### M-Bus line is overloaded

If there are more than 5 M-Bus SLAVE devices connected to the M-Bus line the *Overload/Short* status LED will start to flash. If there is a greater overload on the line, more than 7 M-Bus SLAVE devices are connected, the *Receive* and the *Overload/Short* status LEDs will flash alternately.

#### • There is a short on the M-Bus line

If there is a short circuit between the M-Bus wires, the load on the line is less than  $500\Omega$  or there is a greater number of M-Bus slave devices connected to the M-Bus line, the converter will interpret such a state as a short circuit on the line. The red *Overload/Short* will be turned on permanently.

*Note:* The default communication mode will be restored immediately after fixing the malfunction.

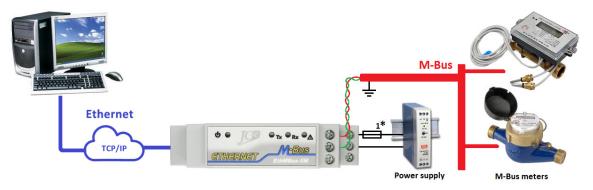
**Power –** The status LED has a blue color and is turned on if a suitable power supply voltage is connected.

Link – The status LED is dual colored and indicates status of the Ethernet network connection. The LED is turned off if no connection is available. A 100Mbps connection is indicated with green and a 10Mbps connection with orange LED light.

**Rx/Tx activity** – The status LED is dual colored and indicates the type of connection and communication activity. The LED is turned on only during network activity. Green color indicates full-duplex mode. Orange indicates half-duplex mode.



### **Typical application**



Typical wiring of the converter with M-Bus devices, power supply and Ethernet network connection.

#### Power Supply

The recommended range of power supply voltages is 8.5V to 40V DC and 8.5V to 28V AC. The power supply is connected to terminals labeled POWER. Maximum power consumption is 2.6W (2.8W in case of a short on the M-Bus line) and depends on the M-Bus line load and power supply.

*Note 1\*:* The use of external fusing is advised if additional power source protection is required e.g. to limit the short circuit current during overvoltage etc.

#### Ethernet

The connection uses a standard RJ45 connector and it is recommended to use a STP (Shielded Twisted Pair) Ethernet cable. Supported communication speeds are 100Mbps and 10Mbps in duplex and half-duplex modes.

#### M-Bus line

The interface is of M-Bus Master type and allows for connection of up to five M-Bus SLAVE devices. The maximum idle current on the line is 7.5mA. The interface is protected against overvoltage, overload and short circuit on the line. It is recommended to use a shielded twisted pair cable in the construction of the communication line. The shielding of the cable should be grounded preferably at the entry point of the switchgear cabinet. The M-Bus port is rated at a high level of protection according to the EN 61000-4-5 standard measured also on an unshielded cable. The use of a shielded cable further increases the level of protection. The use of additional rough overvoltage protection is recommended only on the LPZOA-LPZ1 interface on a building entry point of the M-Bus line.

The communication speed ranges from 300bps to 9600bps. Even parity with one stop bit and 8 bit data word is used as standard.

The connection of the M-Bus line uses a connector labeled M-Bus. The connector allows a connection of wires with up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> cross-section area. It is recommended to use a shielded twisted pair cable for example J-YStY for the connection of the meters.

Suitable types of cables for connecting the M-Bus devices.

- Indoor environments LiYCY 2x0.14mm<sup>2</sup> up to a distance of 100m, LiYCY 2x0.25mm<sup>2</sup> up to 200m.
- Outdoor/indoor environments J-YStY 1\*2\*0.6mm up to 200m, J-YStY 1\*2\*0.8mm up to 400m.

The distances can be longer for a smaller amount of SLAVE devices but the capacitance of the M-Bus line must be below 80nF for maximum communication speed.

A voltmeter and an amp meter is sufficient for a basic electrical check of the M-Bus line. The table contains a summary of verification voltages and currents which can be measured during a check.

| M-Bus line                      | SLAVE device | EthMBus-5M SMART converter |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Idle voltage U <sub>M-Bus</sub> | min. 21V     | 29V to 30V                 |
| Idle current I <sub>M-Bus</sub> | max. 1.5mA   | max. 7.5mA                 |

The measurements should be taken in an idle state without ongoing communication and in a state when the converter does not indicate an error on the M-Bus line. The idle voltage on the M-Bus line should be in the 29 to 30V range. The Slave pins of the connected device should have a voltage over 21V which represents the minimal value for a standard M-Bus Slave device (IO-TSS721A). This difference in voltage can be caused by voltage drops on the communication protections and communication line. Using the recommended M-Bus protections and type of wiring guarantees the fulfillment of the minimum voltage requirements.

Maximum current on the line from the converter should be 7.5mA. Its measured value should roughly correspond to the amount of M-Bus Slave devices times 1.5mA.

The idle current of the Slave device must be measured on the wires which lead directly to the meter and do not continue any further. Current thorough these wires should be smaller or at the very most equal to 1.5mA.

### Configuration of the converter through the web interface example

### Default network settings of the converter

- Static IP address of the converter 169.254.100.10
- Subnet mask: 255.255.0.0
- Default gateway: 0.0.0.0 Note: communication runs within local network.
- Communication protocol TCP. Note: virtual COM port or an application with a TCP interface.

#### Default settings of the M-Bus communication line

- Transfer speed 2400bps.
- Data format: 8 bits, even parity, 1 stop bit.

#### **Converter configuration steps**

- 1. Connect power supply to the converter POWER connector. The status LED *Power* LED starts to flash.
- 2. Connect the converter to the network or directly to a PC via an Ethernet cable. When a successful connection is established the *Link* status LED turns on and the *Rx/Tx* LED starts to flash.
- 3. Search for the converter (optional). Launch the *Lantronix DeviceInstaller* application and select the network interface where the converter should be searched. The converted must appear in the Lantronix device list. The converted can be listed with different values in the *Status* field:
  - Unreachable the converter is displayed in red color which means that it cannot be directly accessed in the given network and no configuration is possible. In this case using the Assign IP button the converter must be assigned an IP address based on its MAC address which is labeled on the back side of the converter.

| 🔎 Search \ominus Exclude 🔌 Assign IP        |             |      |       |                 |                   |             |
|---|-------------|------|-------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 🖃 🚰 Lantronix Devices - 1 device(s)         | Туре        | Name | Group | IP Address      | Hardware Address  | Status      |
| 📄 🍰 Připojení k místní síti (192.10.10.181) | XPort-03/04 |      |       | 169.254.171.245 | 00-20-4A-E0-50-7A | Unreachable |
|   |             |      |       |                 |                   |             |

- Online the converter can be accessed through the network and the configuration can begin.
- 4. The configuration of the converter through the web interface can be done using the *DeviceInstaller* tool or by entering the IP address into the web browser. A second option is to use the Telnet configuration. Web interface configuration:
  - Converter mode menu choose one of the following modes of operation: TCP/IP, UDP or Smart M-Bus application. Click the *Configure* button to set up the mode's details.
     The basic settings for the default *TCP/IP to M-Bus converter* mode with *Active* connection type are: *Destination IP, Destination port* and *Source port*.
  - Ethernet configuration menu enter desired network settings.

.5mm

56.

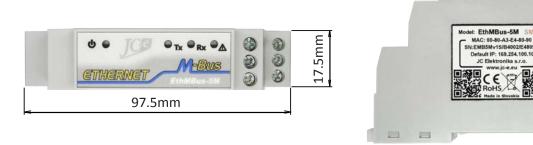
To use a static IP address set the *IP address* option to *Static*. Fill in the *IP address, Netmask* and if necessary *Gateway IP address* and *DNS server IP address*.

- *M-Bus line configuration* menu under normal circumstances default settings can be used.
- When changing the configuration click the Apply Settings button to confirm the changes.
- It is necessary to save the entire configuration by entering the *Save settings* menu and pressing the *Save settings* button. Doing so will prompt the converter to save the configuration into its internal memory followed by a restart with the new settings. After the restart it will be possible to connect to the converter again by entering the new IP address into the web browser or by re-discovering the converter with the *Search* button in the *DeviceInstaller* application.

The Lantronix application can be downloaded from the Lantronix website <u>www.lantronix.com.</u>

### Mechanical parameters of the converter

The converter is built in a standard plastic box designed for mounting on a 35 mm DIN rail. The converter has a very small width of just 17.5mm.





### EMC compatibility

Top view

EMC compatibility of the M-Bus converter has been tested according to the following standards in an accredited laboratory.

| EMC emission tests |   |         |  |  |
|--------------------|---|---------|--|--|
| Standard           | Test  | Level   |  |  |
| EN 55022           | Power line - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS 10/150 kHz - 30 MHz  | Class B |  |  |
| EN 55022           | RADIATED EMISSIONS (Electric Field) 30 MHz - 1000 MHz | Class B |  |  |

| EMC immunity tests |   |                     |  |  |
|--------------------|---|---------------------|--|--|
| Standard           | Test  | Level               |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-2       | ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) - Contact discharge   | ± 4kV               |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-2       | ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) - Air discharge   | ± 8kV               |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-4       | ELECTRICAL FAST TRANSIENT/BURST - Power line  | ± 4 kV              |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-4       | ELECTRICAL FAST TRANSIENT/BURST - M-Bus line  | ± 4 kV              |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-5       | SURGE IMMUNITY - Power line. Common/differential mode.  | ± 1kV / ± 0,5kV     |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-5       | SURGE IMMUNITY - M-Bus line. Cable shielding.   | ± 4 kV              |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-5       | SURGE IMMUNITY - M-Bus line. Common/differential mode.*   | $\pm 2kV / \pm 1kV$ |  |  |
| EN 61000-4-6       | CONDUCTED DISTURBANCES, INDUCED BY RADIO-FREQUENCY<br>FIELDS 0,15MHz - 80 MHZ. Power line and M-Bus line. | 3 V                 |  |  |

\* Test carried out at the request of the manufacturer. The M-Bus port achieves the highest level of overvoltage protection according to the EN 61000-4-5. This type of test is not required when a shielded cable is used.

## Handling of electronic waste

- A non-functional, discarded electronic device must be handed to a proper collection authority.
- The electronic device must be separated from unsorted communal waste.
- Failure to handle the scrapped electronic device according the mentioned guidelines may cause negative impact on the environment and human health.
- Handing the old device to a proper collection authority will warrant the recovery of useful materials with which you contribute to their repeated use after recycling.
- All information in this paragraph is represented by the following symbol present on every electronic device.
- The purpose of this symbol is to guarantee the retrieval and separate collection of e-waste. These
  types of devices cannot be disposed of to unsorted communal waste.

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